## FOR HITACHI INVERTER

## SJ-FB (Feed-Back Board)

## INSTRUCTION

## SAFETY

To get best performance with SJ-FB (Feedback Board), read this manual, the SJ300 Instruction Manual, and all of the warning labels attached to the inverter carefully before installation and operation, and follow the instructions exactly. Keep this manual handy for your quick reference.

Definitions and Symbols
A safety instruction (message) is given with a hazard alert symbol and a signal word -

WARNING or CAUTION. Each signal word has the following meaning throughout this manual.


This symbol means hazardous high voltage. It used to call your attention to items or operations that could be dangerous to your and/or other persons operating this equipment. Read these messages and follow these instructions carefully.

This is the "Safety Alert Symbol." This symbol is used to call your attention to items or operations that could be dangerous to your and/or other persons operating this equipment. Read the messages and follow these instructions carefully.


G


CAUTION

## CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in minor to moderate injury, or serious damage of product.
The matters described may, if not avoided, lead to serious results depending on the situation. Important matters are described
in CAUTION ( as well as WARNING ), so be sure to observe them.
NOTE
NOTE

## WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in serious injury or death.

Notes indicate an area or subject of special merit, emphasizing either the product's capabilities or common errors in operation or maintenance.

HAZARDOUS HIGH VOLTAGE

Motor control equipment and electronic controllers are connected to hazardous line voltages. When servicing drives and electronic controllers, there might be exposed components with cases or protrusions at or above line potential. Extreme
care should be taken to protect against shock. Stand on an insulating pad and make it a habit to use only one hand when checking components. Always work with another person in case an emergency occurs. Disconnect power before checking controllers or performing maintenance. Be sure the equipment is properly grounded. Wear safety glasses whenever working on electronic controllers or rotating electrical equipment.

Revision History Table

| No | Revision Contents | The Date of Issue | Operation <br> Manual No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \mathrm{~A} \\ \mathrm{~B} \end{gathered}$ | Initial Release of Manual NB616X <br> Revision A, by P. Curtis/Hitachi America, Ltd. <br> Revision B, by P. Curtis/Hitachi America, Ltd. | Feb. 2000 <br> August 2000 <br> August 2001 | $\begin{gathered} \text { NB616X } \\ \text { NB616XA } \\ \text { NB616XB } \end{gathered}$ |

## $\triangle$ WARNING

Only qualified personnel should carry out wiring work.
Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire.

Implement wiring after checking that the power supply is off.
Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.

Be sure not to touch inside the inverter case and terminals of the option board while the inverter is energized.
Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.

Be sure not to remove the encoder line and feedback board during operation. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or fire.

Do not perform maintenance or inspection until 10 minutes or more after turning off the input power supply.
Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock

Make sure that only qualified persons will perform maintenance, inspection and part replacement. Before starting work, remove metallic objects from your person. Be sure to use tools protected with insulation
Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.

Never modify the unit.
Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.

Be sure to implement wiring after installing the inverter body. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.

## $\triangle$ CAUTION

Do not allow materials such as cutting waste, welding sputter, wire fragments, solder balls, dust etc. to come into contact with the unit. There is a fire risk.

Inverter main body and option board must be mounted securely. There is a risk of intermittent connection due to vibration.

Tighten the screws of the encoder line on the option board so that there is no loose connection.
There is a risk of intermittent connection due to vibration.

Confirm that the power supply rating of the encoder is the same as the option card (DC 5 V ).
Otherwise, there is the danger of damage, injury and/or fire.

Make sure that the direction of the motor is correct.
There is a danger of injury or machine damage.

Make sure there is no abnormal noise or vibration during operation. There is a danger of injury or machine damage.

## CONTENTS

Contents ..... PAGE
Chapter 1 GENERAL DESCRIPTIONS ..... 7
1.1 Inspection upon unpacking ..... 7
1.2 Inquiries and Warranty ..... 7
1.2.1 Inquiries ..... 7
1.2.2 Warranty ..... 7
Chapter 2 OUTLINE OF SJ-FB ..... 8
Chapter 3 INSTALLATION ..... 9
Chapter 4 WIRING AND CONNECTION ..... 10
4.1 Terminal Assignments of the SJ-FB Board ..... 10
4.2 Function Explanation of the Terminals ..... 11
4.3 Terminal Connections ..... 12
Chapter 5 SETTINGS ..... 14
5.1 Setting the DIP switches ..... 14
5.2 Initial Settings ..... 14
5.3 Inverter Configuration Parameters for the SJ-FB board ..... 15
5.4 Setting Flowchart for the DIP Switches ..... 18
Chapter 6 OPERATION ..... 19
Chapter 7 FUNCTIONS ..... 21
7.1 Orientation function ..... 21
7.1.1 Function outline ..... 21
7.1.2 Data setting ..... 23
7.2 Speed control (ASR) ..... 24
7.3 Position control (APR) (Electronic gear function) ..... 24
7.3.1 Function outline ..... 24
7.3.2 Control mode setting ..... 24
7.3.3 Data setting ..... 25
7.3.4 Pulse train mode selection ..... 28
7.4 Speed control (P/PI) switching function ..... 29
7.5 Compensation of secondary resistor function .....  30
Chapter 8 PROTECTION FUNCTION ..... 31
8.1 Action selection in case of option error ..... 31
8.2 Causes and countermeasures of Option Board Errors ..... 31
8.3 Warning display ..... 31
Chapter 9 SPECIFICATIONS ..... 32

### 1.1 Inspection upon unpacking

Handle with care. Please verify the contents of the package check for any damage that may have occurred during transportation.
(Package contents)

1. SJ-FB (Feed back board) 1
2. Instruction manual
3. Board mounting screws (M3×8mm) 2

Please contact your supplier or Hitachi Distributor immediately if anything is missing or broken.

### 1.2 Inquiries and Warranty

### 1.2.1 Inquiries

If you have any questions regarding damage of the unit, unknown parts, or general inquiries please contact your supplier or the local Hitachi Distributor with the following information.
(1) Inverter Model
(2) Production Number (MFG. NO)
(3) Date of Purchase
(4) Reason for Calling

Damaged part and its condition etc.
Unknown parts and their contents etc.

### 1.2.2 Warranty

The warranty period of the board is shown below.
$\checkmark 1$ year after normal installation, or 2 years from date of manufacture.
However within the warranty period, the warranty will be void if the fault is due to:
(1) Incorrect use as outlined in this manual, or attempted repair by unauthorized personnel.
(2) Any damage to the board, other than from transportation (which should be reported immediately).
(3) Operating the unit beyond the limits of the specifications.
(4) Act of God (Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Lightning, etc)

The warranty covers the board only, any damage caused to third party equipment by malfunction of the board is not covered by the warranty. Any examination or repair after the warranty period (one year) is not covered. Within the warranty period, any inspection and repair which shows the fault was caused by any of the items mentioned above, the inspection and repair costs are not covered. If you have any questions regarding the warranty please contact either your supplier or
the local Hitachi Distributor.

This manual describes the option board SJ-FB for the SJ300 series inverter.
This SJ-FB board, installed in an SJ300 inverter, detects the rotation speed of a motor by accepting pulses from a shaft-mounted motor encoder, achieving highly accurate speed regulation.
This SJ-FB board can also be used to control motor stop position by inputting 90 degree out-of-phase (quadrature) pulses, as well as for synchronized operation between multiple inverters (master/slave or electronic gear), orientation function, and external torque limit input

function.
Figure 2-1
Function Block Diagram

## Chapter 3 INSTALLATION

## How to Mount the SJ-FB Board

Align the holes at the four corners of the SJ-FB board to the guide posts for positioning, in option port 1 or 2 of the inverter. Then gently push the option board into position, making sure the board is fully seated in its connector. Install two screws to secure the board to the inverter body as shown below.


Figure 3-1 Option Board Installation

### 4.1 Terminal Assignments of the SJ-FB Board

Outlook of SJ-FB


Figure 4-1 Terminal assignments

### 4.2 Function Explanation of the Terminals

|  | Terminal | Code | Function | Common terminal | electrical specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pulse train position command inputs | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SAP } \\ & \text { SAN } \\ & \text { SBP } \\ & \text { SBN } \end{aligned}$ | Pulse train position command input (se <br> - Mode 0:90 degree phase difference (quadrature) <br> - Mode 1 : Forward/Reverse signal; p <br> - Mode 2 : Forward pulse/Reverse pul Built-in 150 ohm termination resistanc turned ON or OFF with DIP switch SW Mode is selected via the pulse mode se parameter (P013) | page 16) ulse se train can be ction | DC 5V receiver input (based on RS-422 standard) |
|  | Encoder signal inputs | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EAP } \\ & \text { EAN } \\ & \text { EBP } \\ & \text { EBN } \\ & \text { EZP } \\ & \text { EZN } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | A, B, Z: rotary encoder signal input |  | Photo coupler input (Compatible with the DC5V line driver type rotary encoder) |
|  | Pulse train position command input permissive signal (Note 1) | STAT | Position control with pulse train input is valid when STAT is Turned ON. (Note 3) | CM1 | Photo coupler input (Configure to an inverter intelligent input terminal.) |
|  | Orientation signal: <br> (Note 1) | ORT | Turn ON for orientation operation. (Note 3) |  |  |
|  | LAD cancel signal: (Note 1) <br> Note 1) | LAC | Turn ON to cancel LAD. (Note 3) |  |  |
|  | Position deviation clear signal: (Note 1) | PCLR | Turn ON to clear position deviation counter. (Note 3) |  |  |
|  | Encoder signal output | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { AP } \\ \text { AN } \\ \text { BP } \\ \text { BN } \end{gathered}$ | Retransmits the input encoder signal (ratio 1:1). |  | DC5V line driver output (based on RS-422 standard) |
|  | Power supply for encoder | EP5 | $\mathrm{DC}+5 \mathrm{~V}$ power supply | EG5 | 150 mA max |
|  | Positioning completion signal (Note 2) | POK | Used for position control or orientation. <br> Output ON when the position comes within the specified range (P017). (Note 3) | CM2 | Open <br> collector outputs (Configure to an inverter intelligent output terminal) |
|  | Speed deviation excessive signal (Note 2) | DSE | Output ON when the real rotation speed deviation from command speed exceeds (P027). (Note 3) |  |  |
|  | Zero speed signal (note 2) | ZS | Output when the real rotation speed becomes zero speed detection level (C063). (Note 3) |  |  |

(Note 1): Valid when LAC is assigned to an intelligent input terminal of the inverter (SJ300).
(Note 2): Valid when POK is assigned to an intelligent output terminal of the main body (SJ300).
(Note 3): Refer to the configuration setting procedure for the inverter in the SJ300 Instruction Manual

Figure 4-2 Terminal wiring


### 4.3 Terminal Connections

(Note 1) : Please refer to the SJ300 Instruction Manual for information about wiring the logic terminals.
(Note 2) : Use a shielded, twisted pair cable for the signal cables, and cut the shielded covering as shown in the diagram below. Make sure that the length of the signal cable is no more than 20 meters. If the length exceeds 20 meters, use a VX application control device RCD-E (remote control device) or CVD-E (signal isolation) to avoid malfunction caused by EMC noise or voltage drop. Also, the signal wire for the encoder should be shielded twisted pair line of 28 AWG $\left(0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ or more, and the distance should also be less than 20 m . If more than 20 m , use a 5 V line driver relay amplifier.


## Chapter 4 WIRING AND CONNECTION

(Note 3) : Be sure to separate the power wiring from the control circuit wiring. If they have to be crossed, be sure that they cross at a right angle.


Separate 10 cm or more.
(Note 4) : Take care not to short circuit between the EP5 and EG5 terminals. There is a danger of malfunction.
(Note 5) : Isolate common signal for inverter analog signals (L terminal of the logic card of SJ300) from common terminal of the SJ-FB.
(Note 6) : Be sure to connect the encoder signal lines properly so that the relationship among their phases is as shown below during rotation of the motor (Standard EG5).


### 5.1 Setting the DIP Switches

Layout of SJ-FB


Figure 5-1 Switch arrangement figure

### 5.2 Switch Initial Settings

| Setting item | Switch No. | Contents |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SWENC | 1 | ON | Detection of disconnected A or B signal (EAP-EAN or EBP-EBN) is valid. |
|  |  | OFF | Detection of disconnected A or B signal (EAP-EAN or EBP-EBN) is invalid. |
|  | 2 | ON | Detection of disconnected Z signal (EZP-EZN) is valid. |
|  |  | OFF | Detection of disconnected Z signal (EZP-EZN) is invalid. |
| SWR | 1 | ON | Termination resistance is provided between SAP and SAN ( 150 ohms). |
|  |  | OFF | No terminal resistance is provided between SAP and SAN. |
|  | 2 | ON | Termination resistance is provided between SBP and SBN ( 150 ohms). |
|  |  | OFF | No terminal resistance is provided between SBP and SBN. |

(Note) : Default setting for all the switches is OFF.

### 5.3 Inverter Configuration Parameters for the SJ-FB Board

| Code | Function name | Setting range | Initial data | Setting on run | Change mode on run |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A044 | $1^{\text {st }}$ control method | 00(VC) / 01(VP1.7power) / 02(Free V/f Setting) / 03(SLV) / 04(0Hz area SLV) / 05(V2) | 00 | - | - |
| H001 | Auto-tuning mode selection | $00(\mathrm{NOR}:$ Invalid) $/ 01(\mathrm{NRT}:$ not rotate) $/ 02(\mathrm{AUT}:$ rotate) | 00 | - | - |
| H002 | $1^{\text {st }}$ motor constant selection | 00(Hitachi standard motor constant)/ <br> 01(Auto-tuning data)/ <br> 02 (Auto tuning data with online auto-tuning) | 00 | - | - |
| H003 | $1^{\text {st }}$ motor capacity selection | 0.20-75.0(kW) | Setting on forwarding | - | - |
| H004 | $1^{\text {st }}$ motor pole selection | 2/4/6/8 (Poles) | 4 | - | - |
| H005 | $1^{\text {st }}$ motor speed response setting | 0.001-9.999 / 10.00-65.53 | 1.590 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| H006 | $1^{\text {st }}$ stabilized factor | 0. - 255. | 100. | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| H020 | $1{ }^{\text {st }}$ motor R1 setting | 0.000-9.999 / 10.00-65.53( $\Omega$ ) | depends on the motor capacity | - | - |
| H021 | $1{ }^{\text {st }}$ motor R2 setting | 0.000-9.999 / 10.00-65.53( $\Omega$ ) | depends on the motor capacity | - | - |
| H022 | $1^{\text {st }}$ motor L setting | 0.00-99.99 / 100.0-655.35(mH) | depends on the motor capacity | - | - |
| H023 | $1^{\text {st }}$ motor $\mathrm{I}_{0}$ setting | 0.00-99.99 / 100.0-655.35(A) | depends on the motor capacity | - | - |
| H024 | $1{ }^{\text {st }}$ motor J setting | $\begin{gathered} 0.000-9.999 / 10.00-99.99 / \\ 100.0-9999 .\left(\mathrm{kgm}^{2}\right) \end{gathered}$ | depends on the motor capacity | - | - |
| H030 | $1^{\text {st }}$ motor R1 setting (Auto-tuning data) | 0.000-9.999 / 10.00-65.53( $\Omega$ ) | depends on the motor capacity | - | - |
| H031 | $1^{\text {st }}$ motor R2 setting (Auto-tuning data) | 0.000-9.999 / 10.00-65.53( $\Omega$ ) | depends on the motor capacity | - | - |
| H032 | $1^{\text {st }}$ motor L setting (Auto-tuning data) | 0.00-99.99 / 100.0-655.35(mH) | depends on the motor capacity | - | - |
| H033 | $1^{\text {st }}$ motor $\mathrm{I}_{0}$ setting (Auto-tuning data) | 0.00-99.99 / 100.0-655.35(A) | depends on the motor capacity | - | - |

Chapter 5
SETTING

| Code | Function name | Setting range | Initial data | Setting on run | Change mode on run |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H034 | The $1^{\text {st }}$ motor J setting (Auto-tuning data) | 0.000-9.999 / 10.00-99.99 / 100.0-9999.( $\mathrm{kgm}^{2}$ ) | depends on the motor capacity | - | - |
| H050 | $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{PI}$ control proportional gain setting | 0.00-99.99 / 100.0-999.9 / 1000.(\%) | 100.0 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| H051 | $11^{\text {st }}$ PI control integral gain setting | 0.00-99.99 / 100.0-999.9 / 1000. (\%) | 100.0 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| H052 | $1^{\text {st }} \mathrm{P}$ control proportional gain setting | 0.00-10.00 | 1.00 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| H070 | PI control proportional gain switching | 0.00-99.99 / 100.0-999.9 / 1000.(\%) | 100.0 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| H071 | PI control integral gain setting | 0.00-99.99 / 100.0-999.9 / 1000.(\%) | 100.0 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| H072 | P control proportional gain setting | 0.00-10.00 | 1.00 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| P001 | Option 1 operation selection on error | 00(TRP) / 01(RUN) | 00 | - | $\checkmark$ |
| P002 | Option 2 operation selection on error | 00(TRP) / 01(RUN) | 00 | - | $\checkmark$ |
| P011 | Encoder pulse setting | 128. - 9999. / 1000-6500 (10000-65000)(Pulse) | 1024. | - | - |
| P012 | Control mode selection | $00($ ASR Mode) / 01(APR Mode) | 00 | - | - |
| P013 | Pulse train input mode selection | 00(Mode 0) / 01(Mode 1) / 02(Mode 2) | 00 | - | - |
| P014 | Stop position setting for orientation | 0. - 4095. | 0. | - | $\checkmark$ |
| P015 | Frequency setting for orientation | 0.00-99.99 / 100.0-120.0(Hz) | 5.00 | - | $\checkmark$ |
| P016 | Direction setting for orientation | 00(Forward) / 01(Reverse) | 00 | - | - |
| P017 | Completion range setting for orientation | 0. - 9999. / 1000(Pulse) | 5 | - | $\checkmark$ |
| P018 | Completion delay time setting for orientation | 0.00-9.99(s) (Note3) | 0.00 | - | $\checkmark$ |
| P019 | Position selection for electronic gear | 00(Position feed back side)/ 01(Position command side) | 00 | - | $\checkmark$ |
| P020 | Numerator of ratio setting for electronic gear | 0. - 9999. | 1. | - | $\checkmark$ |
| P021 | Denominator of ratio setting for electronic gear | 0. - 9999. | 1. | - | $\checkmark$ |
| P022 | Feed forward gain setting for position control | 0.00-99.99 / 100.0-655.3 | 0.00 | - | $\checkmark$ |
| P023 | Loop gain setting for position control | 0.00-99.99 / 100.0 | 0.50 | - | $\checkmark$ |
| P025 | The 2 next resistance revision presence selection | 00(Disable) / 01(Enable) | 00 | - | $\checkmark$ |
| P026 | Over speed abnormal detection level | $\begin{aligned} & 0.00-99.99 \text { / 100.0-150.0(\%) (Note 2) } \\ & \text { (Note 3) } \end{aligned}$ | 135.0 | - | $\checkmark$ |
| P027 | Speed error over detection level | 0.00-99.99 / 100.0-120.0(Hz) (Note 2) | 7.50 | - | $\checkmark$ |

## Chapter 5

SETTING
(Note 1) : Please refer to the instruction manual of the inverter main body as to the setting procedure.
(Note 2): When the over speed abnormal detection level (P026), the speed error over detection level (P027) are set 0 , the Abnormal detection data processing will be invalid.
(Note 3): Regarding the SJ-FB setting, there are some warning about what type of main body combines with the SJ-FB which is written following list.

|  |  | Main body of SJ300 Production No (MFG No) (Note 4) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Item | 98 XXXXXXXXXXXX 99 XXXXXXXXXXXX 9 O XXXXXXXXXXXX 9 J XXXXXXXXXXXX 9 K XXXXXXXXXXXX 01 XXXXXXXXXXXX | others |
| 1 | Completion delay time setting for orientation (P018) | Range of setting: 0.00-9.99 (X10(sec)) (Example) In order to operate the completion delay time setting for orientation for 1 (sec). Set P018 setting which is written below. $\mathrm{P} 018=1(\mathrm{sec}) / 10(\mathrm{sec})=0.10$ | Range of setting: 0.00-9.99 (X1(sec)) ( Example) In order to operate the completion delay time setting for orientation for $1(\mathrm{sec})$. Set P018 setting which is written below. $\mathrm{P} 018=1(\mathrm{sec}) / 1(\mathrm{sec})=1.00$ |
| 2 | Over speed abnormal detection level | Range of setting: 0.0-150.0 (X100) <br> (Example) In order to operate the over speed detection level at 66 Hz while maximum frequency is 60 Hz . Set P026 setting which is written below. $\mathrm{P} 026=66 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}=1.1$ | Range of setting: 0.0-150.0 (X1\%) (Example) In order to operate the over speed detection level at 66 Hz , while maximum frequency is 60 Hz . Set P026 setting which is written below. $\mathrm{P} 026=66 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{HzX100}=110.0$ |

(Note 4) The SJ300 Production number (MFG No) is printed on the main body of the SJ300 specifications label. Refer to figure 5-2(1), figure 5-2(2).


Figure 5-2(1) location of specification labels


Figure 5-2 (2) Contents of specification label

### 5.4 Setting Flowchart for the DIP Switches



Figure 5-3 Switch setting flowchart

Refer to [Chapter 3 OPERATION] in the instruction manual for the SJ300 inverter before operating with this board. When the operation command is given from the terminal side of the inverter main body, operate with the following procedure.
$<$ Procedure>

1. Turn ON the POWER switch of the inverter.
2. Set the control method (A044) in [05].
3. Set the necessary items according to the instruction manual "Chapter 4 FUNCTION EXPLANATION" of the inverter main body.
4. For speed control, operation is started when operation command of the inverter main body is turned on.
5. For position control, turn on the STAT terminal of SJ-FB and operation command of the inverter main body first of all. Next input the pulse train position command to SAP-SAN and SBP-SBN. Then the motor turns only the pulse that you input.

Confirm the following while trial operation.
$\checkmark \quad$ The motor accelerates normally.
$\checkmark \quad$ The motor rotates in the correct direction.
$\checkmark \quad$ Neither abnormal vibration nor noise is recognized in the motor.

If the motor doesn't accelerate normally or the inverter trips with overload, check the encoder for phase order. The normal phase order is that the waveform of phase A advances by $90^{\circ}$ than that of phase B when the motor rotates forward.
(Note 1) : The monitor signal may not be output from FM terminal of inverter main body under vector control with sensor (A044=05). Please confirm the monitor output in this case.
(Note 2) : Please do not do the free run action by "RS terminal" of inverter main body. When you do this action, over current trip, or power element destruction may occur. Please use "FRS" the terminal when performing free run action.
(Note 3) : If the torque limit setting (b041-b044) is enlarged, over current trip would occur at the time of the motor added burden. In this case, please adjust the torque limit setting value.
(Note 4) : The motor constant data of the SJ300 series is the data at the time of base frequency 50 Hz in the J 1 motor made in Hitachi. . Please put in the value that did it to motor constant $\mathrm{I} 0(\mathrm{H} 023) 0.7$ times, in the case that you use it with base frequency 60 Hz in the J1 motor.
(Note 5) : Please do the auto tuning, in the case that you do not understand the motor constant.

## Chapter 6 OPERATION

(Note 6) : If satisfactory performance can not be obtained, adjust the motor constants for the particular symptoms observed according to following table:

| Inverter <br> Status | Symptom Observed | Adjustment Guidelines | Parameter(s) <br> to Adjust |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| At starting | Shock occurs at <br> starting | Set "Motor constant J" higher gradually, up to <br> 1.2 times the initially preset (default) value. | H024/H034 |
| At <br> deceleratio <br> n | Instability of motor <br> rotation | Set the speed response lower. | H005 |
| During <br> torque limit | Insufficient torque <br> during torque limit <br> initially preset value. J" smaller than the <br> at low speed | Set overload restriction level lower than the <br> torque limit level(s). | b022 <br> b041-b044 |
| At low <br> frequency <br> operation | Irregular rotation | Set "Motor constant J" higher than the initial <br> preset (default) value. | H024/H034 |

### 7.1 Orientation function

This board is provided with the orientation function used to position the motor at a certain point during operation. This function can be used for replacing a component of the main axis of the subject machine tool for example.

### 7.1.1 Function outline

The orientation function maintains position which has decided with the position control after speed control operation. The action is shown in Figure 7-1.

1. In the speed control operation period, inverter drives at constant speed with the orientation speed setting (P015). (Orientation mode becomes valid when turning RUN command ON under ORT is being ON.)
2. After arriving to the orientation speed setting(P015), the first coming the $Z$ pulse is detected after that the control mode moves to the position control.
3. Inverter controls the motor to stop at a certain stop position which is set to (P014) during position control operation period.

(Note 1) $\$ Rotation speed of the motor is zero but inverter is outputting to the motor. Don't touch the motor power line. Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock and/or injury.
(Note 2) In case of reoperating when the operation command is set terminal. Set the command operation(FW,REV)again.

Figure 7-1(1) Orientation and timing
4. Inverter maintains the position after the completion, and outputs the 'position control completion (POK) signal' after the set value of 'delay time setting (P018). (Inverter drives the motor reverse and return to the required stop position in the case it exceeds the required stop position.)
5. When the ORT terminal is turned off, the inverter stops operation and the orientation mode is cleared.
(Note3) In case of using Z pulse, use 5 V line driver type output for EZP-EZN input. (Note 4): Action timing of when only the operation command is OFF during the orientation. If only the operation command is OFF, the motor will stop (1). After that if the ORT terminal is OFF(2), POK signal output will be OFF (3).
(While ORT terminal is ON. Due to the orientation mode is running, even though only the operation command is OFF , the POK signal output (4) keep ON within the completion range.


Figure 7-1(2) Orientation and timing
(Action timing of when only the operation command is OFF during the orientation.)
(Note 5) $\triangle$ Rotation speed of motor is zero but inverter is outputting to the motor. Don't touch the motor power line. Otherwise there is a danger of electric shock /Injury.

### 7.1.2 Data setting

Data setting related to speed control

| Setting item | Function code | Setting Range, Setting Contents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Orientation speed setting (Note 1) | P 015 | $0.00 \sim 99.99 / 100.0 \sim 120.0(\mathrm{~Hz})$ |
| Orientation direction setting (Note 2) | P 016 | $0:$ Forward $/ 1:$ Reverse |

(Note 1) : In order to stop the motor for setting position. (Motor takes 2 rotation to stop setting position)Don't set high frequency to the orientation speed setting. Otherwise it will be over-voltage protection trip.
(Note 2) : Turn direction of the motor while orientation is done based on the setting of P016.
Data setting related to position control

| Setting item | Function <br> code | Setting range, setting contents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Orientation stop position(Note 3) | P 014 | $0 . \sim 4095$. |
| Completion range setting | P 017 | $0 \sim 9999 . / 1000(10,000)$ (pulses) <br> (Setting four times fairly of the encoder pulses) |
| Completion delay time (Note 4) | P 018 | $0.00 \sim 9.99$ |
| Position loop gain(Note 5) | P 023 | $0.00 \sim 99.99 / 100.0(\mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s})$ |

(Note 3) : The orientation stop position is to be set as 4096 of division ( $0 \sim 4095$ ) per 1 turn toward forward from the original point. (It is 4096 division irrespective of the pulse number of the encoder.) The original point is where the pulse has input to EZP-EZN. Stoppage goal position is like shown in Figure 7-2 irrespective of the turn direction.
(Note 4) : It depends on what type of main body combines with the SJ-FB, the setting value conversion is different. Please refer to the (Note 3) of the "5.3 Items regarding the feed back board of the inverter main body".
(Note 5) : To improve the positioning accuracy. $\rightarrow$ Increase position loop gain (G). When the motor is unstable. $\quad \rightarrow$ Decrease position loop gain.


Figure 7-2 Concept of Orientation setting Position

Data setting of the input-output terminal

|  | Input-output terminal | Terminal assignment | Contents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 寻 | ORT terminal (ORT) | Set up 45 to one of them of C001~C008 | ON : Orientation mode |
| O | $\begin{gathered} \text { Positioning } \\ \text { completion signal } \end{gathered}$ (POK) | Set up 23 to one of them of C021~C025 | Output when it comes to the positioning completion range. |

### 7.2 Speed control (ASR)

When the control mode selection (P012) is set to 00 , operation mode becomes a speed control operation mode (ASR mode). Please drive after setting up the frequency, operation command and each motor constant .

### 7.3 Position control (APR) (Electronic gear function)

When the control mode selection (P012) is set to 01, operation mode becomes a speed control operation mode (APR mode).

### 7.3.1 Function outline

This function generates the frequency based on the position


A044: $1^{\text {st }}$ Control method P012: Control mode selection A001: Frequency command selection A002: Operation command selection F001: Frequency setting F002: Acceleration time F003: Deceleration time F004: Operation direction selection H002H202-H052H252: command pulse which comes from the pulse train input from the terminal and position feed back pulse which is detected by the motor encoder, and performs the position control operation. It can be used as synchronous operation of main and sub motor. Also the turn ratio of main and sub motor can be changed by setting up the electronic gear ratio (N/D). (Electronic gear function)

### 7.3.2 Control mode setting

Inverter at the main motor (master inverter) can be set both as a speed control and position control. Please set up the inverter at the sub motor side (slave inverter) to a position control mode.
A044: $1^{\text {st }}$ Control method
P012: Control mode selection
A002: Operation command selection
P017: Completion range setting
P018: Completion delay time
P019: Electronic gear position selection
P020: Electronic gear ratio numerator
P021: Electronic gear ratio denominator
P022: Feed forward gain
P023: Position loop gain
C001-C008: Intelligent input terminal
C021-C025: Intelligent output terminal
H002/H202-H052/H252:
Motor constant relation data


Figure 7-3 Wiring for Synchronized Operation
(Note) : Please connect EG5 of the main and sub inverter together to avoid malfunction caused by EMC noise.

### 7.3.3 Data setting

Data setting related to position control

| Setting item | Function code | Setting range, setting contents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Feed-forward gain <br> (Note 1) | P 022 | $0.00 \sim 99.99 / 100.0 \sim 655.3$ |
| Position loop gain (Note 2) | P 023 | $0.00 \sim 9.99 / 100.0(\mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s})$ |
| Electronic gear position <br> selection (Note 3) | P 019 | 00: to the feed back side (FB) <br> $01:$ to the position command side (REF) |
| Numerator of the electronic <br> gear ratio (Note 3) | P 020 | $1 \sim 9999$ |
| Denominator of the electronic <br> gear ratio (Note 3) | P 021 | $1 \sim 9999$ |
| Completion range setting | P 017 | $0 \sim 9999 . / 1000(10,000)$ (pulse) |
| Completion delay time | P 018 | $0.00 \sim 9.99$ (s) |

(Note 1) : We promote the adjustment from $\mathrm{P} 022=2.00$ at the time of the feed forward gain adjustment .To make the position deviation of the main and sub motor small, then increase feed forward gain. When the motor is unstable, then decrease feed forward gain
(Note 2) : We promote the adjustment from $\mathrm{P} 023=2.00$ at the time of the position loop gain adjustment. To get good accuracy of the position control then increase posotion loop gain, then to get much power to maintain the positioning then increase posotion loop gain. Motor is unstable due to too big position loop gain, then decrease position loop gain.
(Note 3) : N/D must be given as the ranges of $1 / 50 \leq(N / D) \leq 20$.
( N : Electronic gear ratio numerator, D : Electronic gear ratio denominator)
(Note 4): It depends on what type of main body combines with the SJ-FB, the setting value conversion is different. Please refer to the (Note 3) of the " 5.3 Items regarding the feed back board of the inverter main body".
Data setting of input-output terminals

|  | Input-output terminal | With terminal assignment | Contents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \Xi \\ & \text { \# } \\ & \text { n } \end{aligned}$ | The pulse train position command input permission signal. (STAT) | Set '48' to one of $\mathrm{C} 001 \sim \mathrm{C} 008$ | Pulse train position command input is valid while ON. |
| \# 20, 0 | Positioning completion signal.(POK) | Set ' 23 ' to one of $\mathrm{C} 021 \sim \mathrm{C} 025$ | Output when it entered into the positioning completion range |

Set '48' (the pulse train position command input permission signal (STAT)) to one of $\mathrm{C} 001 \sim \mathrm{C} 008$. Pulse train position command input is valid only in the case that the STAT terminal is turned ON. In the case that the STAT terminal is OFF or unestablished, pulse train position command input is invalid.

Below the example of the proportion of the slave side turn number to the master side turn number by the setting of P019~P021 is shown. (Yet, the encoder pulse number of the master side and slave side are same and be in the case of 1024 pulses. )

| Position selection for electronic gear (P019) | 01 <br> $(R E F)$ | 01 <br> $(R E F)$ | 00 (FB) | 00 (FB) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Numerator of ration setting for electronic gear <br> $(P 020)$ | 1024 | 2048 | 1024 | 2048 |
| Denominator of ratio setting for electronic gear <br> $($ P021 $)$ | 2048 | 1024 | 2048 | 1024 |
| Slave side turn number to the master side turn <br> number | $1 / 2$ | 2 | 2 | $1 / 2$ |

## Chapter 7 FUNCTIONS

Main Motor : Encoder pulse 1024 pulses
Sub Motor: Encoder pulse 3000 pulses
(Main motor rotation speed) : (sub motor rotation speed) $=2: 1$
Set the following for slave inverter in this case.
Electronic gear setting position (P019) : RET (command pulse side)
Electronic gear numerator (P020) : 3000
Electronic gear ratio denominator (P021) : 1024*2=2048

Figure 7-4 Control block diagram of the electron gear function (1)

Figure 7-5 Control block diagram of the electron gear function (2)


Electron gear establishment position selection = REF

## Chapter 7 FUNCTIONS

### 7.3.4 Pulse train mode selection

The following 3 ways of pulse line input can be selected by the setting of P013.

1) $90^{\circ}$ phase difference pulse train (Mode 0)

2) Forward/Reverse command + pulse train (mode 1)

3) Forward pulse train + Reversion pulse train (mode 2)


### 7.4 Speed control (P/PI) switching function

Speed control mode is normally controlled by proportional-integration compensation ( Pi ), which keeps the deviation between the actual speed and speed command
 becomes 0 . Further, you can also achieve a propotional control function, which can be used as drooping operation (i.e. one load with several inverters) with this option card.
Set P/PI switching function to one of the intelligent input terminal $1 \sim 8$ by the operator to achieve this function. (Input ' 43 ' in one of $\mathrm{C} 001 \sim \mathrm{C} 008$.) When this is turned on, control mode becomes proportion control (P).
Please set proportional gain(Kpp; a value used to decide the speed change rate) to H052 by a digital operator. The relationship between the Kpp value and the speed change rate is shown below.

$$
(\text { Speed Change Rate })=\frac{10}{(\text { Kpp Set Value })}(\%)
$$

## Relationship between Kpp Value and Speed Change Rate



Figure 7-6 Torque characteristic (P/PI)

$$
(\text { Speed Change Rate })=\frac{\text { Speed Error at Rated Torque }(A)}{\text { Synchronous speed base frequency }}
$$

## Relationship between Speed Change Rate and Rated Rotation Speed

## Chapter 7 FUNCTIONS

### 7.5 Compensation of secondary resistor function

## (Temperature revision)

Please use this function, if you want to do the temperature revision to restrain the speed fluctuation by the temperature change of the motor. (Please use the thermistor of the characteristic like type B that shows it below. (This thermistor is the characteristic of PE-41E made of a Shibaura electronics co.,Ltd.))


P025: Compensation of secondary resistor selection
b098: Thermistor selection
b099: Thermistor error level
C085: Thermistor adjustment
1.Please wire the thermistor that is built to the motor to the inverter.
(Wiring between TH and CM1 of the terminal unit board of the main body)
2. Please set up it as follows.

P025.........01(valid) b098......... 02(NTC)
b099..........(This code is thermistor error level setting. Set the resistance value of temperature for trip according to thermistor methods.)
C085..........(Use this as gain adjustment.)


Figure 7-7 Resistor vs. Temperature Curves
(Note):Please wire it once again after the thermistor error occurrence level is changed, after you remove the wiring of the thermistor once, if the thermistor error occurred.

### 8.1 Action selection in case of option error

To ignore or make inverter trip can be selected in case of option error.

| Item | Function code | Data | Contents |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Action selection in <br> case of option error | P001/P002 | 00 | TRP: Inverter trips and outputs alarm signal. |
|  | 01 | RUN: Inverter ignores the option error and <br> continues the operation. |  |

(Note) : Inverter trips anyway in case of encoder line break error (E60, E70), SJ-FB abnormal connection (E69,E79) occurs, although action selection is set to 01 (RUN). Please refer to "Chapter 5.2 FEED-BACK BOARD INITIAL SETTINGS".

### 8.2 Causes and Countermeasures for Option Board Errors

When any of the following alarms occurs, the inverter displays the alarm cause and stops.

| Display | Item | Contents | Processing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E60 <br> (E70) <br> (Note 1) | Encoder line break | Detect the line break or disconnection of the encoder line. | Check the encoder signal line and connection. |
|  |  | Detect when there is an encoder failure. Detect when the specification of the encoder is not line driver output type. | Replace it to a suitable one. |
|  |  | Detect when there is no Z pulse. | Turn SWENC-2 OFF on the option board. |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { E61 } \\ \text { (E71) } \\ \text { (Note 1) } \end{gathered}$ | Over speed | Detect when the motor rotation speed exceeds (maximum frequency (note 2 )) $\times$ (over speed error detection level (P026). <br> (Note 3),(Note 4) | Adjust the Kp and J constants related to the speed control system to reduce overshoot. |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { E62 } \\ \text { (E72) } \\ \text { (Note 1) } \end{gathered}$ | Positioning error | Detect when the deviation of the current position and command value becomes more than $1,000,000$ pulses during position controlling. | Increase the position loop gain. Decrease the numbers of the pulse train input per second. |
| E69 <br> (E79) <br> (Note 1) | connection error | Detect abnormal connection between the inverter main body and SJ-FB. | Check the connection between the inverter main body and SJ-FB. |

(Note 1): Data in parentheses () applies when the option card is connected to option slot 2.
(Note 2): Frequency upper limit value (A061/A261) is reflected when it is set.
(Note 3): It depends on what type of main body combines with the SJ-FB, the setting value conversion is different.

Please refer to the (Note 3) of the "5.3 Items regarding the feed back board of the inverter main body".
(Note 4): When the over speed error occurred. There is a possibility the over speed error occur again. Even though the trip is cleared during the motor free run. In this case stop the motor, then clear the trip please.

### 8.3 Warning display (Feed back option relation)

(Refer to the operation manual of the main body about the warning other than the following,)
The $\quad$ i=l 009 is displayed in the case that it became orientation speed setting (P015) > the highest
frequency setting (A004). Please confirm the case, orientation speed setting (P015) and highest frequency setting (A004).

## Product specification

| Item |  | Specification |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Speed control | Encoder feed-back: | - Standard encoder pulse number $1024 \mathrm{pulse} / \mathrm{r}$ <br> - Max. input pulse 100 k pulse/s |
|  | Speed control system: | - Proportional-Integral (PI) / Proportional (P) control |
| Position control | Position command | - Three kinds of pulse train input selectable by main body setting. <br> Mode 0 : $90^{\circ}$ phase difference pulse <br> Mode 1: Forward/Reverse signal pulse <br> Mode 2: Forward pulse/Reverse pulse <br> - Max. input pulse 100 k pulse/s |
|  | Electronic gear: | - Pulse ratio A/B (A, B: 1~9999 selectable) <br> - Setting range $1 / 50 \leq \mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B} \leq 20$ |
| Orientat ion | Stop position: | - 4096 division against 1 rotation of the motor shaft (Note 1) |
|  | Speed: | - Orientation speed and turn direction selectable |
| Protection function |  | - Encoder cable line break protection <br> - Over speed protection (over speed error detection level (P026)) (Note 2) <br> - Positioning error <br> - Connection abnormal of SJ-FB |

(Note 1): The main body setting or external input is selectable.
SJ-DG (digital input option board) is required in case of external input. (Note 2): It depends on what type of main body combines with the SJ-FB, the setting value conversion is different.

Please refer to the (Note 3) of the "5.3 Items regarding the feed back board of the inverter main body".

